FACT SHEET

FACTS ABOUT THE E-VERIFY PROGRAM

What is E-Verify?
E-Verify is an employment eligibility verification program enacted as part of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act (IIRIRA) of 1996.

How the Program Works
Through utilizing the E-Verify program, participating employers access Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and Social Security Administration (SSA) databases to input social security and work authorization numbers to determine whether they are valid.

The program helps discourage applicants for employment who are unauthorized to work and screens out applicants that provide social security numbers and/or alien employment authorization documents that are not valid. It is an effective deterrent against illegal immigration because it reduces the ability of undocumented workers to gain employment in the U.S.

E-Verify provides for the electronic and/or telephonic verification of employment authorization documents provided by new hires for employment to an employer at the time of hire.

Importance to Meat and Poultry Industry
As an industry that relies upon the contributions of more than a half-million employees – including immigrant labor – the meat and poultry industry needs an immigration policy that protects our nation's security, establishes rational and practicable employment laws, and encourages a legal, reliable, and productive workforce.

To that end and since 1997, the meat and poultry industry has been the leading industry user of the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services’ (USCIS) Basic Pilot Employment Verification program (now known as E-Verify) which electronically verifies newly hired employee I-9 information through the SSA and the USCIS databases. NAMI has strongly supported past efforts by Congress to reauthorize the program and NAMI was at the forefront advocating expansion of the program to all 50 states after its initial introduction as a pilot program.

Areas for Improvement
E-Verify is not a panacea and problems with the system persist. There is currently no fool-proof method to tie a person’s name and social security number to that person. Another option to securely tie a person to the documents being presented, the federal government needs to develop biometric identifiers that will further secure the workplace and decrease the rate of identity theft. To address identity theft, the number of documents allowed to be processed for hire should be reduced from the current list of 24 documents to six.

In addition, the program has only recently become nationally-available and currently, the program is voluntary for employers unless mandatory as required by state or local law.

NAMI Position
To be effective, the program needs to be mandatory. This could be achieved by implementing the following steps:

1. A phase in by size of company
2. Reduction in the number of documents that can be used in the hiring process
3. Voluntary, pilot biometric identifier system
4. Protection of Social Security Administration (SSA)
5. Federal preemption provisions
6. Safe harbor provision for employers using program properly
7. Exemption for temporary workers, H2A program
8. Three GAO studies
The E-Verify Process

Additional Expert Resources

Essential Workers Immigration Coalition
www.ewic.org

Immigration Works USA
www.immigrationworksaction.org

American Immigration Lawyers Association
www.aila.org

Department of Homeland Security
www.dhs.gov